in 1212,(*) but dead in 1214.(b) Alice surv. him and was living in 1214.(c)

Geoffrey de Say II, 2nd but 1st surv. s. and h. by 1st wife, was b. probably about 1155.(a) In 1180 in the account of the farm of the Vicomté of Arques he is acquitted in respect of a liability of 10? "for the land of Geoffrey de Sai which he had with the wife of Hugh de Periers."(b) In the same year he was amerced at the Forest Assize in respect of Hudwic' & Dodinton' (Ditton Priors, Salop); and, again in 1180, with the consent of his wife, he delivered to the prior of Wenlock his manor of Ditton Priors, which was her dower from Hugh de Periers.(c) In 1190 Michael Belet accounted for 100.11 to have right against him of the inheritance of his wife and to have his office.(b) In 1198 he was bailiff of Arques.(n) In 1202 Ralph Tesson, seneschal

confirmation is printed in full in Genealogist, N.S., vol. xxxiv, p. 181, and shows that Geoffrey II had an elder br. William, who was living at or after the birth of Alice de Vere's s. Geoffrey. There seems to be no evidence of the date of William's death, except that it was before 1 Jan. 1198 (? 1198/9) (Round, Cal. Docs., no. 280). The dates suggest that these grants were made after the death of Beatrice de Mandeville, widow of William de Say I, possibly in fulfilment of an earlier promise to which legal effect could not be given until her s. Geoffrey was in possession of her lands. There was one s. of the marriage, namely, Geoffrey (ancestor of the Says of Rickling, Essex), given by his father in Sep. 1212 as hostage for his faithful service to the King, who sent him to Earl de Warenne (Rot. Lit. Claus., vol. i, p. 124). Geoffrey de Say, described as s. of Geoffrey de Say and of Alice de Ver, made a grant to Walden Abbey as "dominus de Rikelyng," between 1216 and 1226 (Dugdale, Mon., vol. iv, p. 151). This Geoffrey had a da., Maud de Crec, who in 1278 held of the Honor of Richmond in Nosterfield, Cambs, land which Alice de Vere held in free marriage of her br. Robert de Vere some 60 years before (Rot. Hundr., vol. ii, p. 428). This may suggest a date for the death of Alice. 1218 is, of course, not the date of her marriage.

(a) See p. 466, note "j" above.

(b) He d. before May 1214 when the Sheriff of Essex was ordered to give to William de Mares for custody all lands in his bailiwick, with the manor of Rickling, which were of Geoffrey de Say the elder (Rot. Lit. Claus., vol. i, p. 204; Rickling was restored to Geoffrey de Say the younger, Rot. de Obl. et Fin., p. 527).

(c) When she was granted for her maintenance the manor of Edmonton until

further arrangements should be made (Rot. Lit. Claus., vol. i, p. 207).

(d) For his elder br. William see p. 467, note "o" above. (e) Stapleton, Mag. Rot. Scace. Norm., vol. i, pp. exxiv, 90.

(1) Eyton, Shropshire, vol. iii, p. 332.

(8) Pipe Roll, 2 Ric. I, p. 102. Michael had m. Emma, sister of Alice de

Chesney; see p. 470, note "f" below.

(h) Stapleton, op. cit., vol. ii, p. cxxix. It has been assumed that this entry and the entries as to lands in Normandy which follow relate to Geoffrey II. If so, it was probably the same Geoffrey who in 1184 owed 33¹¹ 12⁸ for 4 measures of wheat which he had for provisioning the castle of Gisors (D'Anisy, Mėm. de la Soc. des Antiquaires de Normandie, vol. viii, p. 361).

of Normandy, was ordered to see that Geoffrey de Say the younger had a hundred librates (of the money of Anjou) of the land of Juhel de Mayenne to replace the land which he had lost through the war.(a) In 1203 the King directed the bailiffs of Caen to give to Geoffrey de Say seisin of a manor, the name of which is obliterated, which he held de prestito of King Richard, and which was of the fee of Earl William.(b) In 1204 a notification issued taking the lands of Geoffrey de Say into the French King's demesne.(c) In 1206 he appears as a pledge for Gerard de Furnival.(4) On 15 Apr. 1208 the sheriff of Kent was directed to put Geoffrey de Say the younger into possession of that moiety of the manor of Burn which Ralph Tesson held.(e) Presumably in 1210, he was with the army in Ireland, with his br. Ingram.(t) In 1214 Geoffrey made fine in 400 marks to have his father's lands:(8) and in the same year the sheriffs of Kent, Herts, Bucks, Sussex, Middlesex, and Northampton had orders to give him seisin of the lands which had been his father's.(b) He took part with the Barons against the King and was one of the 25 app. to enforce the observance of Magna Carta.(1) With R. Earl of Clare, R. Fitz Walter, and the mayor and two or three or four citizens of London he had letters of safe conduct on 9 Nov. 1215 to speak with the Bishop of Winchester and others to treat of peace between the King and the Barons.(1) In Oct. 1215 the King gave to Piers de Crohun all Geoffrey's lands except the manor of Greenwich.(k) In July 1217 two of his knights had letters of safe conduct to go to London as hostages;(1) and in 1217 his lands in Kent, Essex and Sussex were restored to him.(m) In 1219 he went on pilgrimage to the Holy Land(n) and in 1223, apparently with William

(a) Rot. Norm., p. 63.

(b) Rot. Norm., p. 104; see ante, vol. v, p. 126, note "d."

(c) Round, Cal. Docs., no. 1431.
(d) Curia Regis Rolls, vol. iv, p. 88.

(e) Rot. Lit. Claus., vol. i, p. 102b; Book of Fees, pp. 270, 1346. The manor of Burn was subsequently known as Patrixbourne.

(1) Pipe Roll, 14 Hen. III, pp. 117, 162; Glose Rolls, 1227-31, p. 414. Ingram appears twice as a witness to charters of his br., temp. Ric. I (Cat. Anc. Deeds, vol. ii, nos. A 1969, A 2035); cf. Rot. de Obl. et Fin., p. 527.

(B) Idem, p. 535.

(h) Rot. Lit. Claus., vol. i, p. 209b.

(1) M. Paris, Chron. Maj. (Rolls Ser.), vol. ii, p. 605.

1) Rot. Lit. Pat., p. 158.

(k) Idem, p. 157; Rot. Lit. Claus., vol. i, p. 232; and again, idem, vol. i, pp. 263, 263b, as regards such of Geoffrey's tenants as were hostile to the King. See also idem, vol. i, p. 313.

(1) Patent Rolls, 1216-25, p. 80.

(m) Rot. Lit. Claus., vol. i, pp. 321, 321b.

(n) Idem, vol. i, p. 393.

Earl de Warenne, to St. James [of Compostella].(a) In 1221 he was allowed his scutage for the army of Bytham on the fees which he held in chief, which suggests that he was with the army.(b) He went to France with the King in Apr. 1230, taking with him his son William.(c) He m., 1stly, Alice, widow of Hugh de Periers, and h. and possibly da. of John de Chesney.(d) He m., 2ndly, Margery, widow of (i) . . . de la Ferté,(e) (ii) Eudes de Dammartin (d. 1225), sis. and coh. of Will. Briwerre,(f) by whom he was divorced. He d. in 1230, in Poitou, shortly before 26 Aug.,(s) and was bur. at the Hospital of St. Mary, Dover, to which he had given his manor of Coldred with his body.(b)

William de Say III, s. and h., had sailed with his father to France, (1) and on 26 Aug. 1230 was at Lucon, where the King took his homage for all the lands which his father had held in chief. (1) On 10 Feb. 1232 he was forbidden to go to a tournament at Blyth, because of business to be done in the march of Wales. (*) On 8 Aug. 1233 he was given by the King two bucks in the forest of Essex. (1) On 20 Mar. 1235 he was at Chippenham, where he and Geoffrey de Say, presumably his br., witnessed a charter of Maud de Mandeville, Countess of Hereford and Essex. (m) In 1235 his lands in Kent were taken into the King's hand because the King had been informed that he had taken part in a tournament at Cambridge; but he proved that at the time he was before the Justices in Eyre in Sussex, and his lands were restored. (n) On 20 Dec. 1235 the Constable of Dover was ordered to permit him to postpone the building of his house in Dover

(c) Patent Rolls, 1225-32, pp. 357, 360.
(d) Eyton, Shropshire, vol. iii, pp. 331-33.

⁽b) Patent Rolls, 1216-25, p. 369.
(b) Rot. Lit. Claus., vol. i, p. 475.

⁽e) Bracton's Note Book, case 574; V.C.H., Surrey, vol. iii, p. 321.
(1) Exc. e Rot. Fin., vol. i, p. 243; Close Rolls, 1231-34, p. 229.

⁽⁸⁾ Gerv. Cant. (Rolls Ser.), vol. ii, p. 128; Ann. Mon. (Rolls Ser.), vol. i, p. 77; Close Rolls, 1227–1231, p. 431; Exc. e Rot. Fin., vol. i, p. 202; Memoranda Roll, 14 Hen III (P.R.S.), p. 93.

⁽h) Dugdale, Mon., vol. vi, p. 657.
(1) Patent Rolls, 1225-32, p. 360.

⁽¹⁾ Close Rolls, 1227-31, pp. 431-32; Exc. e Rot. Fin., vol. i, p. 202.

⁽k) Close Rolls, 1231-34, p. 131.

⁽¹⁾ Idem, p. 244. These gifts with other marks of favour recur frequently throughout his life. Occasionally he was given live bucks and does to place in his park at Sawbridgeworth (Close Rolls, 1234-37, p. 445; 1253-54, p. 168; 1254-56, p. 290 ("ad quendam parcum suum instaurandum").

⁽m) Cal. Charter Rolls, vol. i, p. 196. (n) Close Rolls, 1234-37, p. 212.